

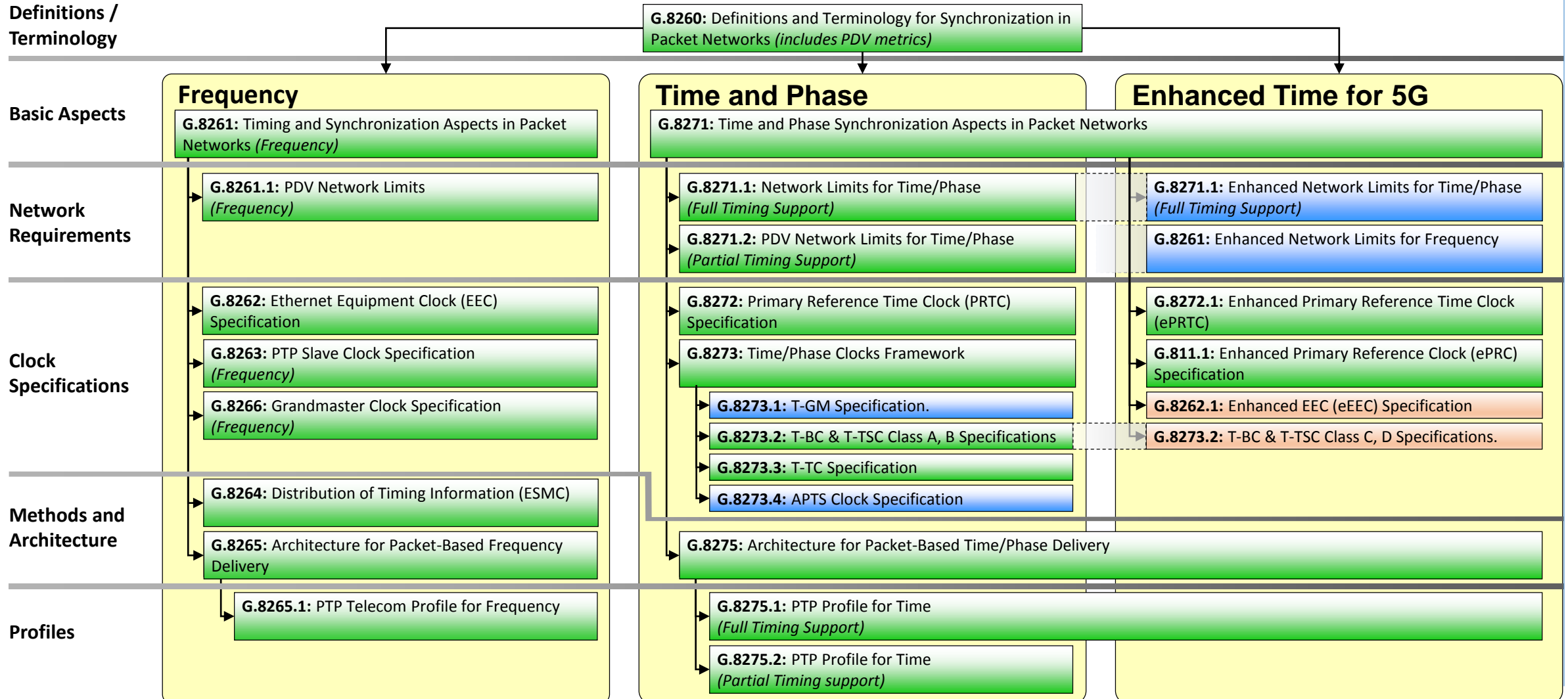


Standards Update

October 2018

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ITU-T Packet Sync Recommendations



ITU Sync Standards Categories

- Transfer of frequency to meet 50ppb (*2G/3G/4G FDD*)
 - Using SyncE, or using PTP over existing networks
- Transfer of time to meet 1.5 μ s (*3G/4G TDD, LTE-A*)
 - Using PTP over new networks with T-BC and SyncE at every node
- Transfer of time to meet 1.5 μ s (*3G/4G TDD, LTE-A*)
 - Using PTP over existing networks
- Transfer of time to meet 100 – 200ns (*5G potential*)
 - “Enhanced” clock specifications
- Sync OAM (*general*)

Calnex



What's new?

Recommendations agreed in Oct. 2018*



* Now subject to 1-month approval period

- High-accuracy “enhanced” clock specifications for 5G:
 - G.8262.1 (new) – Enhanced SyncE clock specification
 - G.8272 Edition 3 – Adds the new Class B PRTC specification (40ns accuracy)
 - G.8273.2 Amd. 2 – Adds new “Enhanced T-BC” specs, Class C and Class D
 - Also adds 25/40/100G interfaces for all clock classes
- “Regular” clock specifications updates:
 - G.8262 Edition 4 – Adds the OEC (OTN Equipment Clock), with same wander spec as EEC
 - G.8273.3 Amd. 1 – Adds 25/40/100G interfaces for all clock classes
- APTS/PTS updates:
 - G.8260 Amd. 2 – Clarifies the step size for the pktSelected2WayTE metric, should be 20s or less
 - G.8271.2 Amd. 2 – Adds network limit for point D (between slave clock and end application)
- General Information:
 - G.8271 Amd. 2 – Adds latest information from 3GPP on sync requirements for LTE and NR (5G)
 - Clarifies the FCS calculation procedure for the serial ToD interface
 - G.8275 Amd. 1 – Adds architecture information about cnPRTC (Coherent Networked PRTC)
 - G.Suppl.Sim – A supplement detailing the assumptions used behind all the simulations

Confirmed Agreements, Oct. 2018

Comparing G.8262 to G.8262.1



Parameter	EEC (G.8262)	eEEC (G.8262.1) – agreed values
Frequency Accuracy	4.6ppm	Same value
Pull-in/Hold-in	4.6ppm	Same value
Wander generation	MTIE: 40ns @ 0.1s, rising to 113ns @1000s TDEV: 3.2ns @ 0.1s, rising to 6.4ns @1000s	MTIE: 7ns @ 0.1s, rising to 25ns @1000s TDEV: 0.64ns @ 0.1s, rising to 1.28 ns @1000s
Wander tolerance	250ns @ 0.1s, rising to 5000ns @ 1000s	Same value (<i>allows mixed chains</i>)
Jitter generation	0.5UI (1G, 10G) 1.2UI (25G lanes)	Same value (1G) 10G, 25G: for further study
Jitter tolerance	250ns @ 10Hz, reducing to 1.5UI (3.6UI for 25G lanes)	Same value (1G) 10G, 25G: for further study
Clock Bandwidth	1 – 10Hz	1 – 3Hz
Transient response	120ns initial step, then 50ns/s (<i>const. temp</i>)	10ns initial step, then 10 ns/s (<i>const. temp</i>)
Holdover	120ns initial step, then 50ns/s frequency offset, plus 1.16×10^{-4} ns/s ² drift (<i>const. temp</i>)	10ns initial step, then 10 ns/s frequency offset, plus 1.16×10^{-4} ns/s ² drift (<i>const. temp</i>)

G.8273.2: Comparing T-BC Classes

Parameter	Conditions	Class A	Class B	Class C (<i>agreed</i>)	Class D (<i>agreed</i>)
Max TE	Unfiltered, 1000s	100ns	70ns	30ns	(15ns provisional)
Max TE _L	0.1Hz low-pass filter, 1000s measurement	-	-	-	5ns
cTE	Averaged over 1000s	50ns	20ns	10ns	(4ns provisional)
dTE _L MTIE	0.1Hz low-pass filter Const. temp, 1000s	40ns	40ns	10ns	(3ns provisional)
	0.1Hz low-pass filter Var. temp, 10000s	40ns	40ns	FFS	FFS
dTE _L TDEV	0.1Hz low-pass filter Const. temp, 1000s	4ns	4ns	2ns	(1ns provisional)
dTE _H	0.1Hz high-pass filter Const. temp, 1000s	70ns	70ns	FFS	(15ns provisional)

- Class C aimed at shorter chains (up to 10 nodes)
- Class D aimed at longer chains (up to 20 nodes), and fronthaul networks in particular
- All classes now defined over 1, 10, 25, 40 and 100GE interfaces

G.8272: Comparing PRTC-A to PRTC-B

Parameter	Conditions	Class A	Class B
Max TE _L	1pps: unfiltered PTP: 100-sample moving average low-pass filter	100ns	40ns
dTE _L MTIE	1pps: unfiltered PTP: 100-sample moving average low-pass filter	100ns (max)	40ns (max)
dTE _L TDEV	1pps: unfiltered PTP: 100-sample moving average low-pass filter	3ns, rising to 30ns @ 1000s	1ns, rising to 5ns @ 500s

- PRTC-B intended for distributed applications where an ePRTC would not be practical
- Expected to be based on multi-band GNSS receivers to compensate for the ionosphere
- Holdover provided by SyncE rather than a Cs oscillator (as used in the ePRTC)

Further agreements for Oct. 2018



- Definitions
 - Added definition for “relative time error” in G.8260
 - Defined “step size” for pktSelected2WayTE
- Interfaces
 - All clocks (T-GM, T-BC, T-TC, T-TSC) will now be specified at 1, 10, 25, 40 and 100Gbit/s interfaces
 - SyncE can now be operated over 200GE and 400GE interfaces (using 50G PAM4 lanes)
- Serial Time-of-Day interface
 - Calculation method for FCS (Frame Check Sequence) was ambiguous, now is better specified
 - No change to the implementation, just clarifying the definition
 - Uses same method as CCSA serial time-of-day interface
- APTS network limits
 - Added a new limit for the interface between the T-TSC and the end clock (point D, 1350ns)
 - Clarified the step size to use for the pktSelected2WayTE metric (20s step size for a 200s window, i.e. 1/10 the window size)

Work in Progress

PTP over existing networks: APTS and PTS



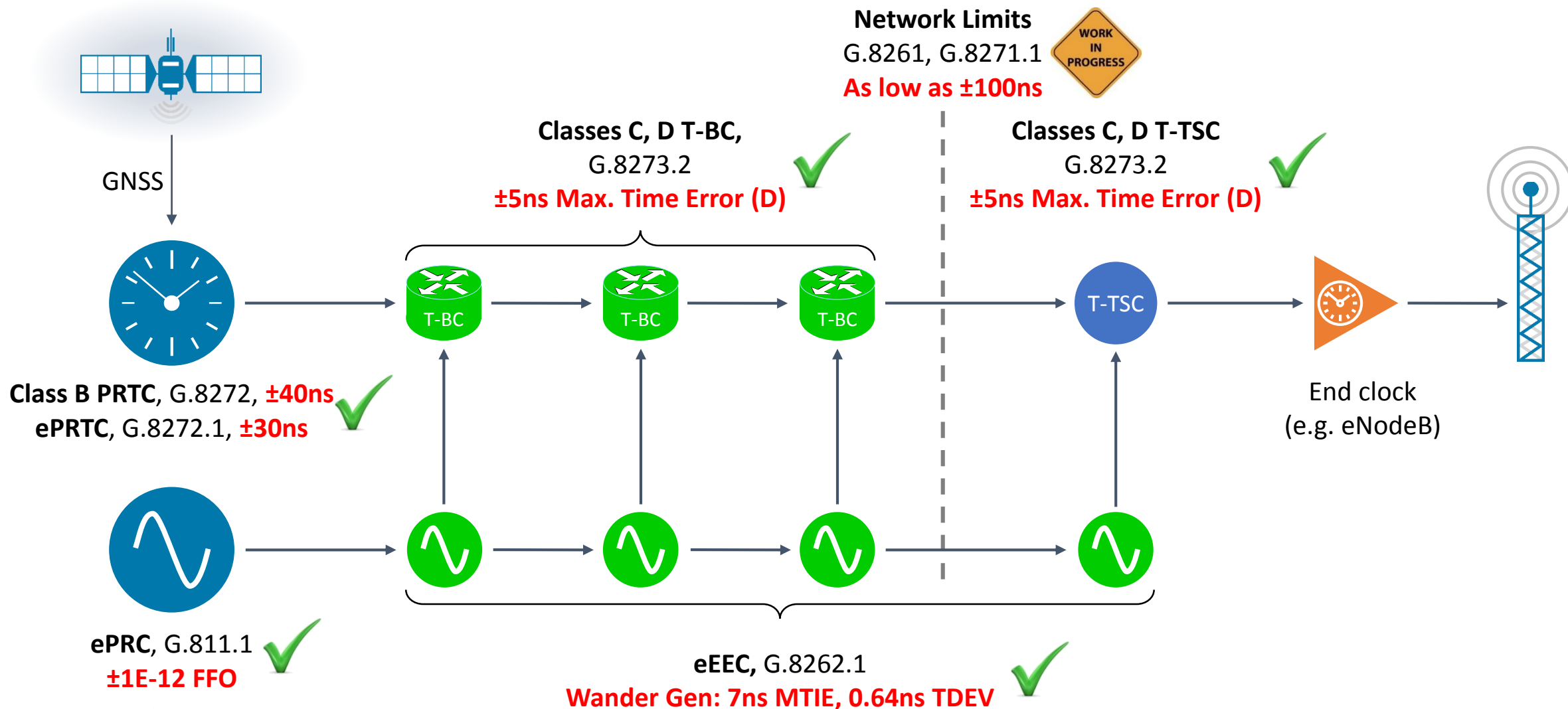
- G.8271.2 (Network Limits) published August 2017
 - Updated October 2018
- G.8273.4 (Slave Clock Specification) work in progress
 - Contains two clock specifications, for APTS clock and PTS clock
 - APTS Clock:
 - GNSS primary time source, PTP backup
 - Uses GNSS to measure PTP asymmetry during normal operation
 - Operates over switches/routers without PTP support (e.g. BCs, TCs)
 - PTS Clock:
 - Uses PTP as sole means of transferring time
 - Operates over switches/routers without PTP support (e.g. BCs, TCs)
 - Status: possible completion by mid 2019

Enhanced Specifications for 5G



- Enhanced specifications agreed:
 - G.811.1 ePRC – published August 2017
 - G.8272.1 ePRTC – published August 2017
 - G.8272: PRTC Class B – agreed October 2018
 - G.8262.1: “eEEC” – agreed October 2018
 - G.8273.2: “Class C” and “Class D” T-BC and T-TSC – agreed October 2018
- G.8261: Network Limit for chain of eEECs
 - Network limit much lower, to permit better SyncE-assisted holdover of T-BCs and T-TSCs
 - Status: expected completion by mid 2019
- G.8271.1: Network Limit for chain of T-BCs
 - To be based on Class C, D T-BC specification, targeting around ± 130 ns end-to-end
 - Status: expected completion by end 2019

Enhanced Clock Specifications for 5G



Coherent Network PRTC

- Network of PRTCs for improved resiliency and accuracy
 - PRTCs exchange time information directly, enabling both ensembling and redundancy
 - “Rogue” PRTCs can be detected and eliminated from timing network
 - Interconnect might be PTP, high accuracy PTP (e.g. White Rabbit), or dedicated optical interconnect
- Possible connection to national lab for both highly accurate UTC(k) and legal time
- Information on cnPRTC to go into G.8275 (Architecture) document
- Status: initial information in G.8275 Amd. 1 (October 2018)
Possible completion by mid 2019

GNSS Technical Report



- Technical Report looking at using GNSS receivers to obtain an accurate source of time
- Contents:
 - High level description of GNSS systems
 - Factors influencing the performance of a GNSS-based PRTC
 - Sources of time error in GNSS time distribution
 - Mitigation of time error in a GNSS-based PRTC
 - Operational schemes for mitigation of time error in GNSS time distribution
 - Appendices:
 - Cable delay effects and correction in a GNSS receiver
 - Ionospheric Delay and its effect on GNSS receivers
 - TRAIM (Time Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring)
 - Solving GNSS equations to establish position and time
 - The effect of multiple reflections within the antenna cable
- Status: possible completion by mid-2019

Sync OAM and Management

- Model proposed using an alternative PTP flow as a reference
 - Not a perfect reference, but a sanity check and indication of network-related issues
 - Described in G.SuppSyncOAM, a working document collecting Sync OAM material
- Frequency sync defects and parameters to be documented in a revised version of G.781
 - Status: Published August 2017
- Time sync defects and parameters to be documented in new recommendation G.781.1
 - Status: possible completion by mid 2019



Insight and Innovation

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